# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	3-5
Management's Discussion and Analysis	6-10
Financial Statements Statements of Financial Position Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets Statements of Cash Flows	12 13 14
Notes to Financial Statements	15-18
Required Supplementary Information: Budgetary Comparison Schedule	19
Supplementary Information: Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	20
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	21-22
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program, on Internal Control over Compliance and on the Schedule Of Expenditures of federal awards required by OMB Circular A-133	23-24
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	25



November 11, 2013

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. Oakland, IA

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2013 and 2012, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessments of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Continued...

November 11, 2013 Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. Independent Auditors' Report

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. as of June 30, 2013 and 2012, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Budgetary Comparison Information on pages 6 through 10, and page 19, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* is presented for purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Continued...

November 11, 2013 Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. Independent Auditors' Report

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 11, 2013, on our consideration of Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit preformed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lihear & associates, PC



## Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc.

712 S. Hwy. 6 & 59 Oakland, Iowa 51560-0189 Phone (712) 482-3029 Fax (712) 482-5590

Email: john@goldenhillsrcd.org

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management of the Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. (HCA) provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of the HCA's annual financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the HCA's financial statements which follow.

#### 2013 Financial Highlights

- HCA Federal appropriations were not funded for FY2012 or again in FY2013.
- HCA State appropriations increased from \$356,250 in FY2012 to \$393,750 in FY2013, a 10.5% increase.
- The HCA's total restricted assets (funds available for Grade Control Structures-CGS) decreased by \$215,402 from June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2013, or approximately 10.1%. This decrease is due to an increase in the number of state projects completed in FY2013. Many obligated HCA projects had been delayed over the last several years while counties focused on completing federally funded Emergency Watershed Protection (EWP) projects; EWP funding was available to western Iowa counties for a limited time only.
- The HCA's total liabilities and net assets decreased by \$235,568, or approximately 10%, from June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2013. This decrease is again due to an increase in the number of state projects completed.

#### **Using this Annual Report**

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the HCA's financial activities.

The basic financial statements consist of a Statement of Financial Position including assets, liabilities, and net assets, a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows. These statements provide information about the activities of the HCA, on a comparative basis, including resources held by the HCA but restricted for specific purposes by legislation or by the HCA's Board of Directors.

Notes to Financial Statements (pg.15-18) provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

#### Reporting the HCA's Financial Activities

The Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

One of the most important questions regarding the HCA's finances is "Was the HCA monetarily able to attain its goals during the year?" The Statement of Financial Position and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets report information about the HCA's resources and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets (restricted and unrestricted) and all liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the HCA's net assets, which is the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the HCA's financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the HCA's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating. Additional factors, such as changes in the number of member counties involved in the HCA, changes in appropriations and legislation, measures of the number and type of GCS approved or built, and the amount of local matching funds, are also important in making this determination.

## The Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows reports cast receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from three defined types of activities: cost share for county GCS, cost share for small GCS, and research. It provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in cash and cash equivalents during the reporting period.

# Financial Analysis of the HCA

Assets, Liabili	ties and Net Assets						
		June 30,					
		2013		2012			
Current assets	\$	1,613,833	\$	1,598,931			
Restricted assets	·	501,592	,	752,062			
Prepaid Insurance		33		33			
Total assets	\$	2,115,458	\$	2,351,026			
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	5,245			
Deferred income		33,000		27,000			
Total current liabilities		33,000		32,245			
Net assets:							
Unrestricted							
Undesignated		168,823		189,744			
Temporarily Restricted							
Interest funds		147,792		169,954			
State funds		1,765,843		1,959,083			
		1,913,635		2,129,037			
Total net assets	-	2,082,458		2,318,781			
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	2,115,458	\$	2,351,026			

The HCA's total restricted assets (funds available for GCS) decreased by \$215,402 from June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2013, or approximately 10.1%. This decrease is due to an increase in the number of state projects completed in FY2013. Many obligated HCA projects had been delayed over the last several years while counties focused on completing federally funded Emergency Watershed Protection (EWP) projects; EWP funding was available to western Iowa counties for a limited time only.

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. The HCA's net assets decreased by \$236,323, or approximately 10.2%, and the HCA's total liabilities and net assets decreased by \$235,568, or approximately 10%, from June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2013. Both of these decreases are again due to an increase in the number of state projects completed.

The following shows the changes in net assets for the HCA.

	Revenues, Expenses	and Changes in	Net Assets		V	
					ine 30,	
				2013		2012
Operating revenues:						
Federal Contracts Paid (NRCS)			\$	557,983	\$	245,618
State Appropriations			<b>-</b>	393,750	*	356,250
County Contributions				57,000		57,000
Interest				8,800		9,297
Other				1,822		2,563
Total operating revenues			***************************************	1,019,355	* *************************************	670,728
Operating expenses:						
Administrative				115,906		115,344
General				18,061		9,452
Lobbying				7,500		7,500
Research				1,900		54
Federal GCS Completed				548,438		239,355
State GCS Completed				533,925		
Small GCS				22,478		81,200
Other Programs				7,470		15,731
Total operating expenses			-	1,255,678		468,636
Change in net assets				(236,323)		202,092
Net Assets – Beginning of Year			-	2,318,781		2,116,689
Net Assets – End of Year			\$	2,082,458	\$	2,318,781

The amount of state funds paid for completed GCS increased by \$533,925 (all projects completed in FY12 were paid with federal funds). The amount of federal funds paid for completed GCS increased by \$309,083 from June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2013. All EWP projects were completed and paid in FY2011, leaving no EWP projects in FY2012. Meanwhile progress on obligated HCA projects slowed because available county resources had been used to utilize the federal EWP funding while available to western Iowa counties in FY2010 and 2011; after a year hiatus to allow county fund balances to build back up, many delayed HCA projects were completed in FY2013.

Construction of in-stream GCS is the goal of the HCA. When applications are received from the counties and approved, all restricted fund resources are available immediately and obligated to the newly-approved GCS each quarter. GCS are completed and paid year-around, so an average of 15-25 structures are in progress year-around. The variability and unpredictable nature associated with the timing of structure completions creates the need for immediate cash flow to the counties. The small structure

program is funded with interest earned from state and county funds to protect farmlands from gully erosion.

The cost-share paid to the counties from federal and/or state appropriations does not constitute any HCA, federal, or state ownership of those structures. HCA does not retain any infrastructure assets with the counties structures program or with the small structures program.

The following table lists the funds for county structure cost share that the HCA has administered during the fiscal years 2002 through 2013.

Funds Administered by HCA - 2002 to 2013									
	Fed	deral Funds	State Funds					Total	Federal Funds
Year	Ар	Appropriated		Appropriated		unty Fee	Co	ontribution	% of Total
2002	\$	800,000	\$	441,667	\$	55,000	\$	1,296,667	0.62
2003	\$	1,200,000	\$		\$	37,500	\$	1,237,500	0.97
2004	\$	1,200,000	\$	400,000	\$	40,000	\$	1,640,000	0.73
2005	\$	1,190,400	\$	400,000	\$	42,500	\$	1,632,900	0.73
2006	\$	1,188,000	\$	400,000	\$	42,500	\$	1,630,500	0.73
2007	\$	-	\$	400,000	\$	51,000	\$	451,000	0.00
2008	\$	851,994	\$	386,667	\$	56,000	\$	1,294,661	0.66
2009	\$	282,000	\$	400,000	\$	56,000	\$	738,000	0.38
2010	\$	282,000	\$	500,000	\$	56,000	\$	838,000	0.34
2011	\$	-	\$	323,000	\$	57,000	\$	380,000	0.00
2012	\$	-	\$	393,750	\$	57,000	\$	450,750	0.00
2013	\$	-	\$	393,750	\$	57,000	\$	450,750	0.00

**Factors Affecting the HCA's Future** 

Total

Overall, the HCA maintained its good financial position during the current fiscal year. However, the condition of the national, state, and local economies will continue to be a concern for the HCA Board of Directors. Some of the realities that may potentially become challenges for the HCA are:

4,438,834

6,994,394

• Ensuring that infrastructure protection and mitigating the negative impacts of streambed degradation remains an issue of priority in the eyes of federal, state, county, and local governments.

607,500

\$ 12,040,728

0.58

- Reductions in federal and state appropriations. The HCA needs continued state funding to match federal appropriations and federal EWP funding. During the last election, Iowa voters approved a natural resources trust fund through which the HCA may be able to receive funding, however, federal earmark appropriations may be coming to an end. It is estimated that an additional 180 bridges/culverts in western Iowa still need protection from streambed degradation. At an average of \$65,000 per project, the HCA will need appropriations of \$11,700,000 in state and federal funding to complete our mission of completely protecting western Iowa's infrastructure.
- The HCA program requires counties provide 20% match in order to receive cost share. Funding reductions for local governments may limit the amount of matching funds available for projects, thus limiting the total number of projects.

# Contacting the HCA's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide federal, state, and county governments, partners, and taxpayers with a general overview of the HCA's finances and to show the HCA's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report and/or need additional financial information, contact Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc., 712 S. Hwy. 6 & 59, P.O. Box 189, Oakland, IA 51560-0189.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# HUNGRY CANYONS ALLIANCE, INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2013 AND 2012

#### **ASSETS**

Ourseast and the		2013		2012
Current assets		4 0 4 0 0 0 0		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,613,833	\$	1,598,931
Certificates of deposits		501,592		752,062
Prepaid insurance		33		33
Total current assets		2,115,458		2,351,026
Property and Equipment				
Equipment		13,661		13,661
Less accumulated depreciation		13,661		13,661
Net property and equipment				60
Total assets	\$_	2,115,458	\$	2,351,026
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	5,245
Deferred income		33,000		27,000
Total current liabilities	-	33,000		32,245
Net assets				
Unrestricted				
Undesignated		168,823		189,744
		168,823	•	189,744
Temporarily Restricted				
Interest funds		147,792		169,954
State funds		1,765,843		1,959,083
	-	1,913,635		2,129,037
Total net assets	_	2,082,458		2,318,781
Total liabilities and net assets	\$_	2,115,458	\$	2,351,026

# HUNGRY CANYONS ALLIANCE, INC. STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 AND 2012

			2013				2012	
			Temporarily				Temporarily	
	-	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total		Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
Support and Revenue								
Federal contracts	\$	_	557,983	557,983	\$	_	245.618	245,618
State appropriations		_	393,750	393,750	·	_	356,250	356,250
County support		57,000	-	57,000		57,000		57,000
Other support		_	_	-		-	_	-
Interest		151	8,649	8,800		253	9.044	9,297
Miscellaneous		1,822	-	1,822		2,563	-,	2,563
Temporarily restricted funds		* <b>*</b>		-				-
released from restrictions		1,175,784	(1,175,784)	-		389,948	(389,948)	-
Total support and revenue	-	1,234,757	(215,402)	1,019,355		449,764	220,964	670,728
Expenses								
Federal structures		548,438	-	548,438		239,355	-	239,355
County structures		533,925		533,925		-	_	· -
Small structures		22,478	-	22,478		81,200	-	81,200
Other program expense		7,470	_	7,470		15,731	-	15,731
Research and development		1,900	_	1,900		54	·	54
Administrative salaries and fees		115,906		115,906		115,344	-	115,344
Lobbying fees		7,500	•	7,500		7,500	-	7,500
Other management and general expenses		18,061	-	18,061		9,452		9,452
Total expenses	_	1,255,678	-	1,255,678		468,636	-	468,636
Change in net assets		(20,921)	(215,402)	(236,323)		(18,872)	220,964	202,092
Net assets, beginning of year		189,744	2,129,037	2,318,781		208,616	1,908,073	2,116,689
Net assets, end of year	\$ _	168,823	1,913,635	2,082,458	\$	189,744	2,129,037	2,318,781

# HUNGRY CANYONS ALLIANCE, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 AND 2012

	_	2013	2012
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Change in net assets Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities Increase (decrease) in:	\$	(236,323)	\$ 202,092
Payables  Deferred income  Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(5,245) 6,000 (235,568)	5,245 (6,000) 201,337
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Purchase of investments Proceeds from sale of investments Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(503,344) 753,814 250,470	(754,985) 757,029 2,044
Net change in cash		14,902	203,381
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	-	1,598,931	1,395,550
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$_	1,613,833	\$ 1,598,931

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>The Nature of Activities</u> – The Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. is a private nonprofit corporation organized under Chapter 504(A), Code of Iowa in 1981. The Organization's primary focus is to protect the loess soils region of western Iowa from stream channel degradation. The Organization provides demonstrations, conducts research in effective methods, and provides financial and technical assistance for streambed stabilization projects in twenty-two counties.

The Organization is funded primarily through federal agency contracts, appropriations from state governmental agencies and support from local county governments.

Federal projects, awarded through the Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc., receive federal funding for infrastructure protection through an approved cooperative agreement with the U.S. Department of Agriculture-Natural Resources Conservation Service. Federal awards and state appropriations provide the county cost-share for construction of stream control structures throughout the loess soils region of western lowa.

The accompanying financial statements, which include all programs administered by Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc., have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other accounting principles appropriate for non-profit associations.

The Organization's Board of Directors is comprised of representatives from each county served and are appointed by the County Board of Supervisors annually.

The statements of financial position, activities, and cash flows are all organization-wide financial statements. They report information for all Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc., Inc.'s activities, which are in turn all deemed to be governmental activities. The Organization has no proprietary type activities.

<u>Revenue Recognition</u> – Revenues from appropriations, grants and other services are recognized when received or accrued. State appropriations, and interest earned thereon, in excess of related program expenses are recorded as temporarily restricted net assets until those funds are expended.

<u>Income Taxes</u> – The Organization is considered to be an affiliate of a governmental unit, making it exempt from state and federal income taxes under the Internal Revenue Code and, accordingly, no provision has been made for income tax liabilities or expense. The Organization is not considered a private foundation.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

<u>Estimates</u> — The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Cash Equivalents</u> – For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, the Organization considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchases with maturity of three-months or less to be cash equivalents.

<u>Property and Equipment</u> – Equipment consists primarily of office equipment and is recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the five year estimated lives of the equipment.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> – Deferred revenue represents county membership fees collected for the next fiscal period.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The Organization receives a substantial portion of its revenue from state grants. A significant reduction in the level of government funding would have a major effect on the Organization's programs and activities. The Organization also receives federal, state and county funding.

Cash funds deposited in excess of federally insured limits are protected by the Iowa State Sinking Fund for banks and savings associations, which covers Iowa uninsured public funds.

<u>Fair Value of Financial Instruments</u> – The carrying amounts of cash, receivables, accounts payable, accrued expenses, and other liabilities approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturities of these financial instruments.

<u>Donor Imposed Restrictions</u> – All contributions are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Amounts received that are designated for future periods or restricted by the donor for specific purposes are reported as temporarily restricted or permanently restricted support depending on the nature of the restriction. The Organization's temporarily restricted net assets consist of state appropriations and interest earned on such appropriations, and are restricted for streambed stabilization projects. The Organization has no permanently restricted net assets.

<u>Date of Management Review</u> – Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 11, 2013, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### NOTE 2 CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT

At June 30, 2013 and 2012, the Organization had funds invested in certificates of deposit as follows:

	Maturity	Interest			cludi itere	ng Accrued st
	Date	Rate		2013	2012	
Twelve-Month Certificate	09-10-12	.50 %	\$	_	\$	251,007
Twelve-Month Certificate	12-15-12	.50 %		-		250,677
Twelve-Month Certificate	03-11-13	.50 %		_		250,378
Twelve-Month Certificate	09-10-13	.50 %		250,903		_
Twelve-Month Certificate	12-15-13	.50 %	*****	250,689		
			\$	501,592	\$	752,062

#### NOTE 3 STRUCTURE COST COMMITMENTS

The Organization has approved various projects with local counties for soil stabilization projects. Formerly, when these projects were approved, the cost was recorded as an appropriated expense. The Organization has committed funding to the following projects not completed as of June 30, 2013:

State Projects Small Structures	\$ 778,028 42,500				
	\$ 820,528				

These commitments are not reflected in the financial statements.

## NOTE 4 COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT

The Organization enters into, on an annual basis, a cooperative agreement with Golden Hills Resource Conservation and Development, Inc. Under this agreement, Golden Hill Resource Conservation and Development, Inc. performs various duties, as follows: (1) assists in the job description, salary determination and hiring of a project director for Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc., (2) provides training, technical assistance, office space and some equipment for use by the project director; (3) provides supervision and evaluation of performance of the project director; and (4) provides management of and accounting services for the Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. funds. Pursuant to this management agreement, the Organization made payments to Golden Hills Resource Conservation and Development, Inc. for administrative duties and payroll reimbursements in the amount of \$110,000 and \$110,000, for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

## NOTE 5 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. received \$393,750 and \$356,250 in passed through state support from Loess Hills Development and Conservation Authority for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. is considered an affiliate of this governmental unit. Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. also expensed \$5,906 and \$5,345 in administrative support to this Organization for each of the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

# HUNGRY CANYONS ALLIANCE, INC. BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	_	Budget		Actual		Budget Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Support and Revenue						
Federal contracts	\$	_	\$	557,983	\$	557,983
State contracts	*	393,750	Ψ	393,750	Ψ	-
County support		-		57,000		57,000
Interest		_		8,800		8,800
Miscellaneous		- ·		1,822		1,822
Total support and revenue	_	393,750	-	1,019,355	-	625,605
Expenses						
Federal funds				540,400		(5.40, 400)
Federal structures State funds				548,438		(548,438)
State structures		4 477 699		500.005		0.40.707
Administrative expenses		1,477,632		533,925		943,707
Research and development		39,375		39,375		1 100
Stage discharge study		3,000 9,000		1,900		1,100
Aerial stream video reconnaissance		5,000		10,221		(1,221) 5,000
Experimental bored headcut basin terr	200	20,000		-		
Experimental scrap tire structure	ace	10,000		· -		20,000 10,000
Nickpoint study		1,000		- * <del>-</del> •		1,000
GIS to GPS		25,671				25,671
Stream profile surveys		10,000		1,370		8,630
Road signs		1,000		1,570		1,000
Interest funds						
Small structures		25,500		22,479		3,021
Administrative expenses		8,531		8,531		-
Other funds		•		,		
Administrative expenses		68,000		68,000		- -
Insurance		550		499		51
Supplies		2,250		770		1,480
Meetings and travel		3,000		3,916		(916)
Office assistants		2,000		-		2,000
Subscriptions		150		12		138
Miscellaneous		100		435		(335)
Lobbyist		7,500		7,500		
Lobbying trips		5,000		7,038		(2,038)
Services to counties	*******	450		1,269		(819)
Total expenses	Deline	1,724,709		1,255,678	-	469,031
Change in net assets		(1,330,959)		(236,323)		1,094,636
Net assets, beginning of year	MCC-MACCO	1,587,512	<b>Britanitosis</b>	2,318,781		731,269
Net assets, end of year	\$	256,553	\$	2,082,458	\$ _	1,825,905

## HUNGRY CANYONS ALLIANCE, INC. SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Grantor/Program	Grant or Award Number	CFDA Number	Program Expenditures
Direct:			
US Department of Agriculture			
Steambed Stabilization - Soil			
Conservation and Domestic			
Allotment Act of 1936	68-6114-9-37	10.902	\$ 129,697
	68-6114-10-015	10.902	260,286
			389,983
US Department of Fish and Wildlife			
Fish Passage Program	F12CA00715	15.608	168,000
			\$ 557,983

Basis of Presentation - The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. and its presentation on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.

Diane McGrain, CPA Jim Menard, CPA



November 11, 2013

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. Oakland, IA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2013 and 2012, and the related statements of activities, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 11, 2013.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audits, we considered Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc.'s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combinations of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Continued...

Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. Report on Internal Control

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc.'s financial statements are free of material misstatements, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audits, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our test disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Libraer a associata, PC



November 11, 2013

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR ITS MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Directors Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. 712 S Hwy 6 Box 189 Oakland, IA 51560

## Report on Compliance for Each major Federal Program

We have audited Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc.'s compliance with types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc.'s major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2013. Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc.'s major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance of Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc.'s major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the Untied States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for its major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc.'s compliance.

Continued.....

Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. Report on Compliance for Its Major Program

#### Opinion on Its Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2013.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc.'s internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc.'s internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirements of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, of a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Schroer & associate, PC

## HUNGRY CANYONS ALLIANCE, INC. SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

## Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditors' Results

- a. The type of auditors' report issued was unmodified.
- b. No material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- c. The audit did not disclose any noncompliance, which is material to the financial statements.
- d. No material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over its major program were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- e. An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance with requirements applicable to its major program.
- f. The audit did not disclose any audit findings, which were required to be reported in accordance with Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Section 510(a).
- g. The major program was as follows:

CFDA Number 10.902 - Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act of 1936.

- h. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- i. Hungry Canyons Alliance, Inc. does not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

# Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements

Internal Control Deficiencies:

No comments or recommendations

Instances of Non-Compliance:

No matters were noted

# Part III: Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

Instances of Non-Compliance:

No matters were noted

Internal Control Deficiencies:

No comments or recommendations